SHRI S. JAIPAL REDDY: Sir, apart from 3,600 odd monuments which are being taken care of by the Archaeological Survey of India, the rest of them are taken care of by the respective State Governments. I can give one example of the kind of private-public partnership. We are all aware, Sir, of the Humanyun's Tomb. The Agha Khan Foundation lent its helping hand in restoring the great gardens of the Humanyun's Tomb.This kind of cooperation we seek from private partners. Even while doing so, the ASI retains its say from 'A to 'Z'.

Night Shelter Scheme

*262. SHRI PRASANTA CHATTERJEE: Will the Minister of URBAN EMPLOYMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have introduced any Night Shelter Scheme for the shelterless and pavement dwellers;

(b) if so, when the scheme was introduced; and

. (c) the funds released so far, by Government for this scheme State and year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN EMPLOYMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION (KUMARI SELJA): (a) to (c) A Statement is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Statement

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Night Shelter Scheme was introduced in 1988-89 to provide Night Shelter and Pay & Use toilet facilities to urban shelterless.

The Scheme was modified in August 1992 to cover all urban centres having concentration of footpath dwellers/homeless and renamed as "Shelter & Sanitation Facilities for footpath Dwellers in Urban Areas." Since October, 2002, the scheme has been revised and renamed as "Night Shelter for Urban Shelterless." The scheme is now limited to construction of composite Night Shelters with community toilets and baths for urban shelterless. This is a demand driven scheme and its implementation is undertaken by the State Government or local municipal bodies or State sponsored agencies and proposals are mooted by them. Under the scheme, Government of India subsidy of 50% of the cost of construction (subject to cost ceiling of Rs. 20,000 per bed) is given to implementing agencies

through HUDCO. The balance is to be arranged by State Governments/the implementing agencies.

(c) Status of funds released upto 28.2.2005 and also during past five years under this scheme State-wise is given in the Statement-I.

Statement-I

Funds released (Subsidy) for Sanitation Facilities for Footpath Dwellers in Urban Areas

(Rs. in lakh)

state	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-05 up to 28.2.05	Cumulative 1991 to 2005 up to 28.2.05
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Andaman Nicobar	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Andhra Pradesh	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.40	23.38
Arunachal Pradesh	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Assanfi	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bihar	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.22
Chandigarh	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.74
Chhattisgarh	31.60	0.00	230.02	1.70	52.08	447.08
Delhi	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Dadar Ngr. Haveli	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Gujarat	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Goa Daman & Diu	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Himachal Pradesh	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Haryana	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Jharl<hand	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.74
Jammu & Kashmir	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Karnataka	0.00	0.00	8.75	8.76	0.00	17.50
Kerala	0.00	0.00 ,	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.58
Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	0.00	o.oc	0.00	0.00
Meghalaya	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	qoo

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Maharashtra	29.68	0.00	37.31	110.92	107.13	657.92
Manipur	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Madhya Pradesh	61.56	23.52	52.64	35.54	12.18	409.37
Mizoram	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Nagaland	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Orissa	13.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.67
Punjab	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pondicherry	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Rajasthan	0.88	41.58	0.00	27.87	0.00	97.42
Skkim	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tamil Nadu	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50
Tripura	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Uttar Pradesh	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.97
West Bengal	0.00	0.00	2.10	0.00	0.00	2.10
TOTAL :	137.11	65.10	345.80	184.78	179.79	1730.1

SHRI PRASANTA CHATTERJEE: Sir, the Night Shelter Scheme was launched in 1988-89 for shelterless people in the metropolitan cities. As the scheme was not attractive, no expenditure was made in 2001-02, so far as my information goes. Later, the Vambay Scheme was launched on 2.12.2002 for the slum dwellers living Below the Poverty Line. In a meeting with the State Minister held on 8th October, 2003, major modifications to the guidelines of the Vambay Scheme were proposed. As is written in the answer, under the Scheme the Government of India gives subsidy of 50 per cent. The funding pattern, as suggested, for Centre-State was in the ratio of 75:25, for North Eastern States - 90:10 and for Union Territories -100 per cent. What is the Government doing in regard to the suggestions made in the meeting of the State Ministers in October 2003?

KUMARI SELJA: Mr. Chairman, Sir/the question really relates to the Night Shelter Scheme, not to the Vambay Scheme. If the hon. Member gives a separate notice for the Vambay Scheme, I will be happy to answer this question.

SHRI PRASANTA CHATTERJEE: It has been stated in the Plan Document that the establishment of Special Night Shelters for shelterless

women and children will be a focal area for the Tenth Pian. It is there in the Plan Document. What definite steps has the Government taken to achieve this target?

KUMARI SELJA: I must say, right in the beginning, that this scheme is a need-based scheme. The States have to come to the Centre for help and then we help them to achieve their goals. I must say—the hon. Member might have read in the statement—that the response is not very encouraging from the States to avail of this scheme. I am afraid, the Pfenning Commission has decided that from the next year onwards, after March, 31 st, the scheme must be transferred to the States.

श्री तारिक अनवर : सभापति महोदय, अभी मंत्री महोदया ने अपने जवाब में बताया है कि अब से यह स्कीम चली है तब से कई राज्यों ने इस स्कीम का लाभ नहीं उठाया है। जैसा कि मंत्री महोदय जी ने बताया है कि इसके बारे में कोई रेसपांस स्टेट गवर्नमेंट्स से नहीं है, तो यह बहुत ही चिंता का विषय है। दिल्ली जैसे राज्य में, जहां पर सबसे अधिक लोग बाहर से पलायन करके नौकरी के लिए और छोटे कामों के लिए आते हैं,लेकिन उसने भी एक पैसा इस स्कीम में से नहीं उठाया है, केन्द्र सरकार की ओर से नहीं दिया गया है या राज्य सरकार की ओर से रिसीव नही किया गया है। इस स्कीम में प्रावधान है कि 50 प्रतिशत पैसा केन्द्र सरकार देगी और 50 प्रतिशत पैसा राज्य सरकार देगी। मेरे विचार मे यह स्कीम हंड्रेड परसेंट की होनी चाहिए। मेरे ख्याल से हंड्रेड परसेंट की स्कीम नहीं होने की वजह से ही ज्यादातर राज्यों ने इसमें अपना रेसपांस नहीं दिया है। मैं पूछना चाहता हूं कि क्या केन्द्र सरकार इस स्कीम को हंड्रेड परसेंट की करने का कोई विचार करेगी ?

श्री सभापति : ठीक है।

कुमारी शैलजा : सर, दिक्कत हैं।

श्री सभापति : नेक्स्ट क्वेश्चन 262 (Interruptions).

श्री दीपांकर मुखर्जी : सर, इस क्वेश्चन के जवाब मंत्री जी को देना चाहिए।

श्री सभापति : वह सब ठीक है, लेकिन वह कह रही है कि स्टेट गवर्नमेंट नहीं कर रही है ...(व्यवधान)....

श्री दीपांकर मुखर्जी : सर, यदि यह क्वेश्चन यहां खत्म हो जाता है तो इसका मतलब यह है कि यहां इस दिल्ली में हम देखते है कि ठंड मे मारे हजारों आदमी मर रहे हैं, वहां पर अगर यह मैसेज यहां से जाये कि स्टेट और सेंटर किसी की कोई डिमांड नहीं है। यह स्कीम ऎसी नहीं है, तो actually, what message are we carrying?

श्री सभापति : मैं तो कोई मैसेजें... आप और मै कोई मैसेज दे नहीं सकते। गवर्नमेंट को देना चाहिए।

SHRI DIPANKAR MUKHERJEE: Has this problem been rooted out from this country?

MR. CHAIRMAN: Do you want to say somthing?

KUMARI SELJA: Sir, the problem has not been rooted out.इसमें बात यह है कि यह कि यह स्कीम अब स्टेट्स को ट्रांसफर हो गई है क्यों कि जमीन स्टेट्स को देनी है, जो वहां के पैरामीटर्स हैं, वे सारे उनको फुल फिल करने हैं। इसलिए प्लानिंग कमीशन ने यह फैसला लिया है कि अब यह जमीन स्टेट सेक्टर को ट्रांसफर कर दी जाए। ...(**व्यवधान**)...

श्री एस.एस. अहलुवालिया : सभापति महोदय, दिल्ली के मसले में, दिल्ली राज्य कहता है कि हम जमीन दे नहीं सकते हैं। यहां तो जमीन सैट्रल गवर्नमेंट देती है, डी.डी.ए. की जमीन दी जाती है। ....(**व्यवधान**)..... उसके बारे में क्या है? ...(**व्यवधान**)...

श्री सभापति : एक मिनट, एक मिनट। ...(**व्यवधान**)... माननीय मंत्री महोदय, आप इस सारी समस्याओं को देख ले, कुछ हो सकता है तो करें।

Promotion of Vedic and Sakskrit studies

*263. SHRI RAJ NATH SINGH: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have any plan to promote Vedic and Sanskrit studies at the All-India level;

(b) if so, whether Government have earmarked any special funds for this purpose; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) to (c) A Statement is 'aid on the Table of the Sabha.

Statement

(a) to (c) A Central Plan Scheme for the Development of Sanskrit Education is being implemented by this Department. Besides, the following four institutions for the propagation of Vedic and Sanskrit studies have also been set up by this Ministry:—

1. Rashtriy Sanskrit Sansthan, New Delhi.
2. Maharshi Sandipani Rashtriya Veda Vidya Prathisthan, Ujjain
3. Shri Lai Bahadur Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha, New Delhi.
4. Raifitriya Sanskrit Vidyapeeth, Tirupati.